

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS AUSTIN

GERALD C. MANN ATTORNEY GENERAL

> Homorable I. E. Lanier County Auditor Cass County Linden, Texas

Bear Sirt

Opinion Number 0-4600
Re: Whether the Countsioners Court
of Cass County can issue bonds
against Road District #1 and
lety a tax against Road District
#1-A to pay off bonds against
Road Matrict #1.

We acknowledge receipt of your opinion request of recent date and quote from your letter as follows:

"The dommissioners' Court of Cass County,
Texas, wants to issue Bonda smounting to \$54,000.00
against Road Dist. No. 1 of Cass County, Texas, and
levy a tax against Road District No. 1-4 of Cass
County, Texas, for the purpose of paying off the
Bonds against Road Dist. No.1.

"Please let me know if the Court can issue Bonds against Road Dist. No. 1 and levy a tax against Road Dist. No. 1-A to pay off Bonds against Road Dist, No. 1, and oblige."

Statutery authorisation is essential to the issuance of obligations of a county or political subdivision of this State in the form or nature of tends, and where the power to issue bonds has been conformed it must be exercised in the manner prescribed by the law. Robertson v. Breedlove, 61 Tex. 516; Lasater v. Lopes, 217 S. W. 378; Adams v. McGill, 148 S.W. (2d) 532.

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We find no provision in the Constitution or the Statutes of Texas authorizing the issuance of bonds by a Commissioners! Court against one road district and levying a tax against another road district in payment of said bonds.

The bonds mentioned in your opinion request must be issued under and in strict conformity with Section 52, Article 5, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, and laws enacted pursuant thereto, particularly Articles 752a, 752e, 752d, et seq. Article 752d provides, in part, as follows:

"Where any political subdivision, or any road district, desires to issue bonds, there shall be presented to the Commissioners' Court of the county in which such subdivision or district is situated, a petition signed by fifty or a majority of the resident property tempaying voters of said subdivision or road district praying such court to order an election to determine whether or not the bonds of such subdivision or district shall be issued to an amount stated for the purpose of the construction, maintenance and operation of macademized, graveled or paved roads and turnpiles, or in aid thereof, and whether or not taxes shall be levied on all taxable property within said subdivision or district in payment thereof. **

Baid article also specifically provides that all preclection proceedings shall describe the road district by its number, describe the boundaries thereof as such boundaries are described and defined in the order of the Commissioners! Court establishing said district.

A careful reading of the statutes authorizing the issuance of road district bonds clearly reveals that the proposition to be voted on is whether or not a tax shall be levied against the taxable property of the district issuing the bonds.

The sourts of this State have also held that even though the administration of the different road district funds is in the hands of the county commissioners, they may not divert funds from district purposes. The funds of one district

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are not transferable to the credit of another district within the county. 21 Tex. Juris., page 666; Austin Brothers Bridge Company v. Road District #3 of Liberty County, 247 S. W. 674 (Error Refused); Austin Brothers v. Patton, 226 S. W. 702 (Error Refused).

In view of the foregoing you are respectfully advised that it is the opinion of this department that the Commissioners' Court of Cass County cannot issue bonds against Road District No. 1 and levy a tax against Road District No. 1-A in payment of said bonds.

Very truly yours

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

Claud O. Bootiman

Assistant

COB-s

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APPROVED
OPINION
COMMITTEE
BY BLUTS
CHAIRMAN